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What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A glass bulb for a cathode-ray tube comprising: a panel
- 2 unit having a panel screen; a neck unit holding an electron
- 3 gun; and a funnel unit having a funnel-like shape, wherein
- 4 the panel unit and the neck unit are bridged by the funnel
- 5 unit, wherein
- 6 the funnel unit is formed from a plurality of glass
- 7 members, the plurality of glass members including at least
- 8 a first glass member on a side of the panel unit and a second
  - glass member on a side of the neck unit, and
  - a maximum-to-minimum thickness ratio of each of the plurality of glass members is designed to be within a range suitable for producing the plurality of glass members using
  - pressing, the maximum-to-minimum thickness ratio being a
- 14 ratio of thickness of a thickest portion to thickness of
- 15 a thinnest portion.
  - 1 2. The glass bulb of claim 1,
  - 2 wherein the plurality of glass members are prepared
  - $3\,$  by using a glass material conforming to EIAJ(Electronic
  - 4 Industries Association of Japan) LOF-03, and
  - 5 in each of the plurality of glass members, the maximum
  - 6 thickness is no more than substantially five times the
  - 7 minimum thickness.
  - 1 3. The glass bulb of claim 1,
- 2 wherein at least one of the plurality of glass members

- 3 is designed to be physically strengthened.
- 1 4. The glass bulb of claim 3,
- wherein the physical strengthening is performed by
- 3 air-cooling a glass member molded by pressing, heating the
- 4 glass member again to a temperature which is 20-40°C lower
- 5 than an annealing point, and cooling the glass member slowly.
- 1 5. The glass bulb of claim 1,
- wherein the plurality of glass members are joined
  - B by sealing with a glass frit so that inside of the glass
- 4 bulb is kept in a vacuum state.
- 1 6. The glass bulb of claim 1,
- wherein the funnel unit is formed from two glass
- 3 members, which are (a) the first glass member to be joined
- 4 to the panel unit and (b) the second glass member to be
- 5 joined to the neck unit, the panel unit and the neck unit
- 6 being made of a glass material, and
- 7 wherein the first glass member and the second glass
- 8 member are joined at a position including an inflection
- 9 point on a periphery of the funnel unit on a supposed plane
- 10 substantially perpendicular to a tube axial direction.
- 1 7. The glass bulb of claim 6,
- wherein the first glass member has substantially
- 3 a same shape as a shape in which a certain portion is removed

- 4 from the panel unit.
- 1 8. The glass bulb of claim 1,
- wherein the first glass member which is to be joined
- 3 to the panel unit is formed in one piece and designed to
- 4 be physically strengthened, the panel unit being made of
- 5 a glass material.
- 1 9. The glass bulb of claim 1,
- wherein a lead terminal is (a) connected to an electrode formed on an inner surface of the funnel unit
- 4 and (b) extended to outside of the glass bulb through a
- 5 sealed portion, the sealed portion being where at least
- 6 two out of the plurality of glass members are joined.
- 1 10. The glass bulb of claim 1,
- wherein a panel unit glass member that forms the
- 3 panel unit is designed to be physically strengthened.
- 1 11. A glass bulb for a cathode-ray tube comprising: a panel
- 2 unit having a panel screen; a neck unit holding an electron
- 3 gun; and a funnel unit having a funnel-like shape, wherein
- 4 the panel unit and the neck unit are bridged by the funnel
- 5 unit, wherein
- 6 physically strengthened glass is used in at least
- 7 part of the funnel unit.

comprising:

12. A manufacturing method of a glass bulb for a cathode-ray tube including: a panel unit having a panel screen; a neck unit holding an electron gun; and a funnel unit having a funnel-like shape, wherein the panel unit and the neck unit are bridged by the funnel unit, the manufacturing method

a glass member preparing step for preparing at least
one physically strengthened glass member for the funnel
unit, the funnel unit being formed from a plurality of glass
members; and

a glass bulb forming step for forming the glass bulb from the plurality of glass members including the glass member which is prepared in the glass member preparing step.

## 13. A cathode-ray tube device comprising:

a glass bulb for the cathode-ray tube including: a panel unit having a panel screen; a neck unit holding an electron gun; and a funnel unit having a funnel-like shape, wherein the panel unit and the neck unit are bridged by the funnel unit, wherein

the funnel unit is formed from a plurality of glass members, the plurality of glass members including at least a first glass member on a side of the panel unit and a second glass member on a side of the neck unit, and

a maximum-to-minimum thickness ratio of each of the plurality of glass members is designed to be within a range suitable for producing the plurality of glass members using

- 14 pressing, the maximum-to-minimum thickness ratio being a
- 15 ratio of thickness of a thickest portion to thickness of
- 16 a thinnest portion.
- 1 14. The cathode-ray tube device of Claim.13,
- wherein the plurality of glass members are prepared
- 3 by using a glass material conforming to EIAJ(Electronic
- 4 Industries Association of Japan) LOF-03, and
- 5 in each of the plurality of glass members, the maximum
- 6 thickness is no more than substantially five times the
- 7 minimum thickness.
  - 15. The cathode-ray tube device of Claim.13,
- wherein at least one of the plurality of glass members
- 3 is designed to be physically strengthened.
- 1 16. The cathode-ray tube device of Claim. 13.
- wherein the plurality of glass members are joined
- 3 by sealing with a glass frit so that inside of the glass
- 4 bulb is kept in a vacuum state.
- 1 17. The cathode-ray tube device of Claim.13.
- wherein a lead terminal is (a) connected to an
- 3 electrode formed on an inner surface of the funnel unit
- 4 and (b) extended to outside of the glass bulb through a
- 5 sealed portion, the sealed portion being where at least
- 6 two out of the plurality of glass members are joined.

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1 18. A cathode-ray tube device comprising:

2 a glass bulb for the cathode-ray tube including:

a panel unit having a panel screen; a neck unit holding

4 an electron gun; and a funnel unit having a funnel-like

shape, wherein the panel unit and the neck unit are bridged

6 by the funnel unit, wherein

7 physically strengthened glass is used in at least

part of the funnel unit.